Christe qui lux es et dies (2nd setting)

Edited by Jason Smart

Robert White (*c*.1540-1574)



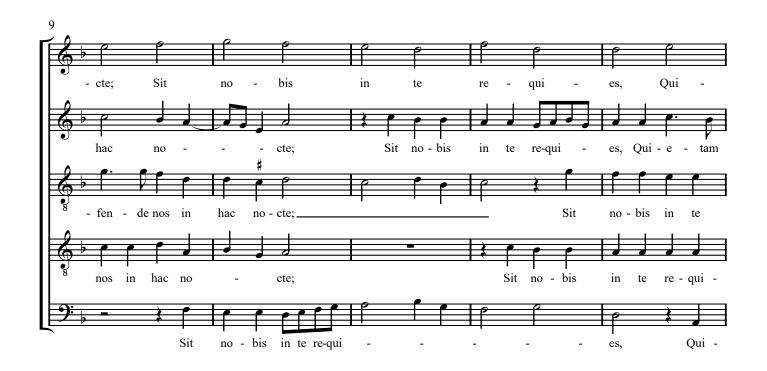
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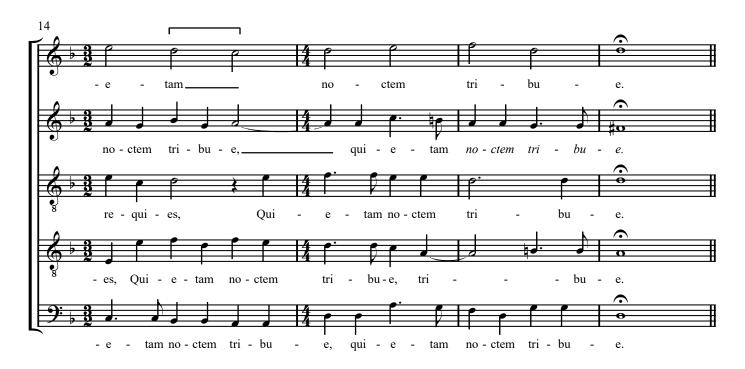
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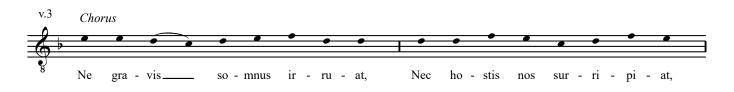
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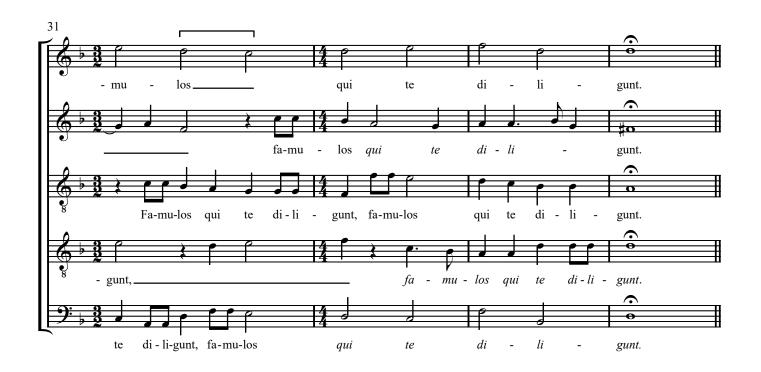


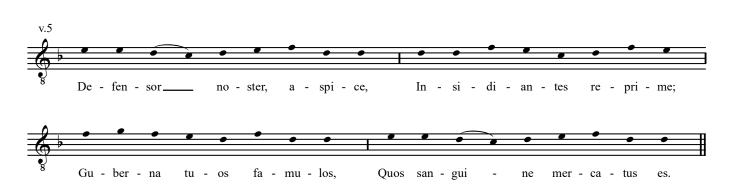


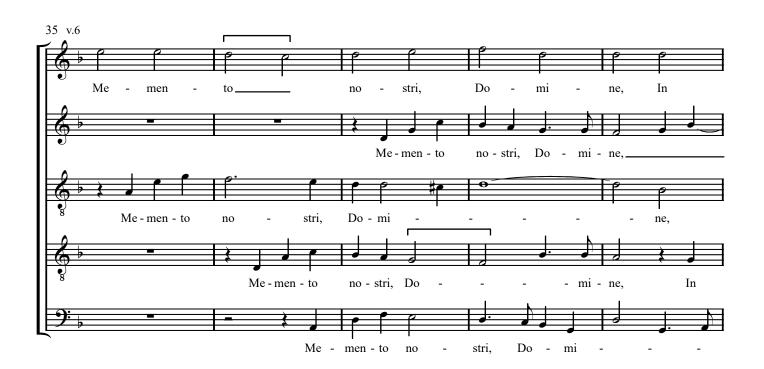




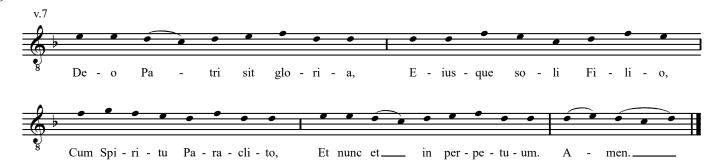












Function

This is one of four *alternatim* settings that White composed of the hymn *Christe qui lux es*, which, in the Latin services of his youth, was sung at Compline from the first Sunday in Lent until Passion Sunday. It is presented here for liturgical performance with plainsong verses added from a Sarum hymnal. However, it is not certain that White envisaged performance in this way. For one thing, it is probable that, in the liturgy, the choral verses of Tudor hymn settings alternated not with plainsong, but with organ verses. For another, it is possible that White wrote his settings during Elizabeth's reign for secular recreation. Such performances would not have included the plainsong verses. However, it is perhaps conceivable that such performances might occasionally have emulated the old tradition by alternating the vocal verses with verses played on a keyboard instrument.

Editorial Conventions

The original clef, staff signature, mensuration symbol and first note of each part are shown on the prefatory staves. Editorial accidentals are placed above the notes concerned.

The dotted accidental in bar 47 is not in the sources, but is implied by the original staff signature.

Ligatures are denoted by the sign

Repeat signs in the underlay of the primary copy text have been expanded in italics.

Translation

O Christ, who is light and day, you drive away the darkness of night; you are believed to be the light of light, proclaiming blessed light.

We beseech you, holy Lord, to defend us this night; may our rest be in you, grant us a peaceful night.

Let not unwholesome dreams seize us, nor the enemy snatch us away, nor the flesh, yielding to him, make us guilty in your sight.

While our eyes sleep, may our hearts always stay watchful to you; may your right hand protect your loving servants.

O our defender, look upon us, restrain those who plot against us; guide your servants whom you have redeemed with your blood.

Be mindful of us, O Lord, burdened with a body; you who are the defender of the soul, be present with us, O Lord.

Glory be to God the Father, and to his only Son, with the Holy Spirit, both now and for ever. Amen.

Sources

Polyphony: A Oxford, Christ Church MSS Mus. 979–83 (c.1575–1581 with later additions; lacking Tenor).

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979
         (Tr)
                 no.78
                           at end:
                                      mr: R: whytte:-
980
         (M)
                                      mr: R: whytt:
                 no.78
                          at end:
981
                 no.78
                                      mr: R: whytt:
         (Ct)
                          at end:
982
983
         (B)
                                      Mr Robert Whyte [later hand]
                 no.78
                           in index:
                           at end:
                                      mr: R: whytte:-
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B London, British Library, Add. MSS 30480–4 (c.1560–1590; textless; all voices entitled 'Peccamur' [sic]).

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30480
          (Tr)
                  f.68
                            [no attribution]
30481
          (Ct)
                  f.72
                            [no attribution]
30482
          (T)
                  f.67
                            [no attribution]
30483
          (B)
                  f.69
                            [no attribution]
30484
                  f.7^{v}
          (M)
                            [no attribution]
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C London, British Library, Add. MS 47844 (1581; Ct only, textless, entitled 'Peccamur' [sic]).

(Ct) f.2 at end: m^r wighte

D Oxford, Christ Church MSS Mus. 984–8 (1581–1588 with later additions).

984	(Tr)	no.4	in index: at end:	Robert White [later hand] Mr Robert Whyte
985	(M)	no.4	at end:	White
986	(Ct)	no.4	at end:	Robert White
987	(T)	no.4	at end:	Robert White
988	(B)	no.4	at end:	White

Plainsong: Hymnorum cum notis opusculum usui insignis ecclesie Sarum (Antwerp, 1541), f.34 v .

Notes on the Readings of the Sources

Sources **B** and **C** are closely related. As with some other works that they share, their versions of *Christe qui lux es* agree, even down to the corrupt title and the error in bar 29. The readings of **A**, which has been used as the primary copy text for this edition, are sufficiently similar that we can be confident that its lost Tenor part will have been very close, if not identical to that of **B**. Source **D**, Robert Dow's partbooks, transmits a far less reliable text with some of the underlay adjusted in Dow's usual manner. An obvious instance occurs at the opening of verse 4 where the rhythm of the point of imitation has been altered in the Tenor and Bass, but not in the Countertenor. Bars 5–10 have been rewritten at some point (not necessarily by Dow) to provide fuller harmony. The resulting sonority is more satisfying, but can have nothing to do with White as the imitative points in the Mean, Countertenor and Tenor have been sacrificed.

Details of the variant readings in the sources are given below. These are divided into three categories and then listed by source. Each reference to a bar or group of bars is separated by an oblique stroke. Within these references multiple readings in the same voice are separated by a comma and readings in different voices by a semicolon. The order within each entry is: (1) bar number(s); (2) voice; (3) reading of the source, with any subsequent bar numbers for extended readings in brackets. Pitches are in capital letters, preceded by a number where necessary, e.g. ${}^{1}C = first$ note C in the bar.

Abbreviations

В	Bass	dot-	dotted	SS	staff signature	Tr	Treble
corr	corrected	M	Mean	q	quaver	7:	underlay repeat sign
cr	crotchet	m	minim	T	Tenor	+	tie
Ct	Countertenor	sh	semibreve				

Staff Signatures and Accidentals

A 14 B new line in source without upper b in SS begins with \(^1C / 15 M\) no \(^1/37\) Ct no \(^1/46 B\) b for B / 47 Ct \(^1/47\) for B /

B 1 B no b for upper B in SS / 18 M SS restated / 47 M no # for C / 49 M no 4 / 50 M no 4; B no 4 / 51 Ct no # /

C 51 Ct no #/

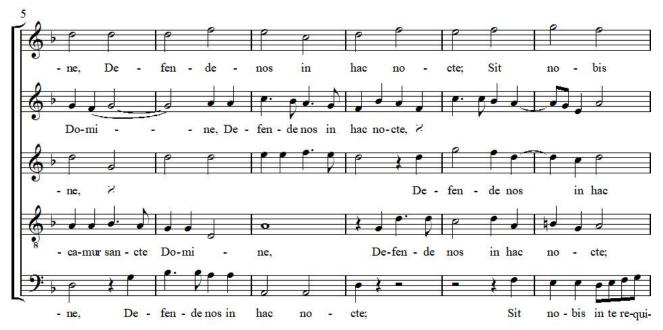
D 1 Tr SS \sharp for upper C throughout; B no \flat for upper B in SS / 2 B \flat for B / 3 B \natural for E / 10 T \natural for B / 47 M no \sharp for C / 33 Ct \flat for ^{1}B / 37 Ct no \sharp / 46 Ct \sharp for ^{1}C ; B \flat for B / 47 B \natural for E / 48 T \sharp for ^{1}F /

Underlay, Ligatures and Note Values

- A 3 B E is dot-crE qE, -mi- below qE, (4) -ne below D, mG is crG crG with > below / 5 M Domi- undivided below \(^1\)GF; Ct DG are crD crG crG, -ne, precamur below DDGG, (6) dot-mD crD for sbD, > below \(^1\)D / 10 Ct mD is dot-mD qD, in below qD, (11–12) hac below C, nocte ambiguously aligned below DBC / 12–13 M requies undivided, assignment of -qui- ambiguous / 21–23 M capiant undivided, assignment of -pi- ambiguous; 21 Ct mD mF for DFF / 26–27 Ct repeat of vigilet below DGA / 27–28 M protegat repeated undivided below FGABCF / 29 B AA are dot-cr q / 38 B slur for CB / 39 M > below G, (40) +mB is +crB crB / 49 B A is dot-crA qA, -mi- below qA /
- **B** 3 B E is dot-crE qE, (4) mG is crG crG / 5 Ct DG are crD crG crG, (6) dot-mD crD for sbD; 5 T ²A omitted, ¹A corr to m / 10 Ct mD is dot-crD qD / 22 M m is corr cr / 22–23 B no ligature / 39 M G is corr q / 40 B D is crD crD / 41 M mA for ²A³A / 47 Ct G is corr cr / 49 B A is dot-crA qA /
- C 5 Ct DG are crD crG crG, (6) dot-mD crD for sbD / 10 Ct mD is dot-crD qD /
- D 12–13 M requies undivided, assignment of -qui- ambiguous / 11–12 Ct nocte below DBC (but no- perhaps intended a note earlier) / 15 M × below ²A; T mD for DD; B × (for quietam noctem tribue) below ²D / 16 M GG are cr cr; T mB for BB / 19 B F is crF crF, (20) mD is DD, underlay adjusted to fit / 22 T B is crB crB, (23) mB for BB underlay adjusted to fit / 22–23 B no ligature / 26–27 Ct repeat of vigilet below DGA / 27 M repeat of prote- below F²G, (28) -gat below F / 28 T -a pro- below FD, (29) mC for CC with underlay -te- / 30–31 M diligant undivided below FFG+GEF / 31 M × below ¹C; B × below ¹F / 31–32 T repeat of diligant below D²EF / 32 Ct × (for famulos qui te diligant) below ²F; T mF for crF cr-rest / 38 T -mi- below F, mB for BB, ligature for FB (not GF) / 39–40 M repeat of Domine below GB+BA / 40 B D is crD crD, -mi- below ²D / 44 M GE are dot-cr q / 47 Ct -ne, Domi- below BAG / 48 B × (for adesto nobis, Domi-) below ²D / 49 M × (for adesto nobis, Domine) below A / 50 Ct mG for GG /

Other Readings

- A 1-end Tr strene notation /
- **B** 1–17 Tr no mensuration symbol, only the first verse is given, in strene notation, followed by 'vt superius 3 tymes' / 1 M clef C2 throughout / 29 Ct D is E / 38 B *cr*B is *q*B *q*A /
- C 29 Ct D is E /
- **D** 1 Tr white mensural notation throughout, with slurs instead of ligatures (but slur omitted in 48); M clef C2 throughout / 5–10 all voices



29 Tr mE is crE crD /