

Phalèse, *Liber primus cantionum sacrarum ... quinque vocum* [Leuven, 1554] (RISM 1554/1)

The musical score is for five voices: SUPERIUS, CONTRATENOR, QUINTA PARS, TENOR, and BASSUS. The music is in common time, with a treble clef for the top four voices and a bass clef for the bottom voice. The lyrics are in Latin, with some words like "de" and "vi" appearing multiple times. The score consists of three systems of music.

**SUPERIUS:** The top voice, starting with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. It has a soprano range.

**CONTRATENOR:** The second voice from the top, also in soprano range, providing harmonic support.

**QUINTA PARS:** The third voice from the top, providing harmonic support.

**TENOR:** The fourth voice from the top, providing harmonic support.

**BASSUS:** The bottom voice, providing harmonic support and a strong bass foundation.

**Lyrics:**

- System 1: Audi, fili - lia, et vi - - - - -
- System 2: Audi, fili - lia, et vi - - - - -
- System 3: Audi, fili - - - - -
- System 4: - - de, et vi - - - - -
- System 5: - - de, vi - - - - -
- System 6: audi, fi - lia, et
- System 7: - - lia, et vi - - - - -
- System 8: Au - di, fi - lia, et vi - - - - -
- System 9: Au - di, fi - lia, et vi - - - - -
- System 10: Au - di, fi - lia, et vi - - - - -
- System 11: au - di, fi - lia, et vi - - - - -
- System 12: vi - - - - - de,
- System 13: au - di, fi - lia, et vi - - - - -
- System 14: - - de, vi - - - - -
- System 15: au - di, fi - lia, et vi - - - - -
- System 16: de, vi - - - - -
- System 17: au - di, fi - lia, et vi - - - - -
- System 18: de, vi - - - - -

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de,  
et in - cli - na au - rem tu - am,  
et in - cli - na au - rem tu - am,  
et in - cli - na  
de,  
et in - cli - na au - rem tu - am,  
et in - cli - na au - rem tu - am,  
et in - cli - na  
de, vi - de,  
et in - cli - na au - rem tu - am,  
et in - cli - na au - rem tu - am

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am,  
in - cli - na au - rem tu - am:  
in - cli - na au - rem tu - am: et  
au - rem tu - am, au - rem tu -  
am, au - rem tu - am, au - rem tu - am:  
rem tu - am, et o - bli - vi - sce - re po -

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et o - bli - vi - sce - re po - pu - lum  
o - bli - vi - sce - re po - pu - lum tu - - - um, o - bli - vi - sce - re  
am: et o - bli - vi - sce - re \_\_\_\_\_ po - pu - lum tu - -  
et o - bli - vi - sce - re po - pu - lum \_\_\_\_\_ tu  
- pu - lum tu - - - um, et

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*Audi, filia, et vide*

tu - - - um, tu - - -  
po - pu - lum tu - - um et do-mum pa -  
um et do-mum pa - - tris  
um, o - bli - vi - sce - re po - pu - lum tu - - um et  
o - bli - vi - sce - re po - pu - lum tu - - um,

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um, et do - mum pa - tris tu - - i.  
tris tu - - - i, et do -  
tu - - - i, pa - - - tris tu -  
do - mum pa - tris tu - - i, et do-mum pa - - tris  
et do-mum pa - - -

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Et con - cu - pi - scet rex de - co - rem tu - - um,  
mum pa - tris tu - - i. Et con - cu - pi - scet rex de - co - rem tu - - um,  
Et con - cu - pi - scet rex de - co - rem  
tu - - - i. Et con - cu - pi -  
tris tu - - - i. Et con - cu -

† Tenor, m.43.3: minim in the source (presumed erroneous)

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et con - cu - pi - - - scet rex de - - - co - rem tu -  
et con - cu - pi - scet rex, et con - cu - pi - scet  
tu - um, et con - cu - pi -  
scet rex de - - - co - rem tu - um, et con - cu -  
pi - scet rex de - co - rem tu - um:  
b

54

um, tu - um: quo - ni-am i - pse  
rex de - co - rem tu - um: quo - ni-am i - pse est Do -  
scet rex de - - - co - rem tu - um:  
pi - scet rex de - - - co - rem tu - um:  
quo - ni-am i - pse est Do - mi-nus De - us tu - us, De - us

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est Do - mi-nus De - us tu - us, De -  
mi-nus De - us tu - us, quo - ni-am i - pse est Do - mi-nus De - us  
quo - ni - am i - pse est Do - mi-nus De - us tu - us, De - - - us tu -  
tu - us, quo - ni-am i -

64

us tu - us, et a - do - ra - bunt e -

et a - do - ra - bunt e - um,

tu - us, et a - do - ra - bunt e - um,

us, et a - do - ra - bunt e - um,

pse est Do - mi-nus De - us tu - us, et a - do - ra -

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um, et a - do - ra - bunt e - um,  
et a - do - ra - bunt e - um,  
et a - do - ra - bunt e - um,  
do - ra - bunt e - um,  
bunt e - um,

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ra - bunt e - um.

a - do - ra - bunt e - um,

et a - do - ra - bunt e - um.

et a - do - ra - bunt e - um.

bunt e - um,

et a - do - ra - bunt e - um.

et a - do - ra - bunt e - um.

bunt e - um,

et a - do - ra - bunt e - um.

ra-bunt e - um.

## **SECUNDA PARS**

82 SECUNDA PARS

Pro pa - tri - bus tu - is na - ti sunt ti - bi fi - li - i,  
Pro pa - tri - bus tu - is na - ti sunt ti - bi fi - li - i, ti - bi  
Pro pa - tri - bus tu - is na -  
Pro pa - tri - bus tu -  
Pro pa -

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pro pa - tri - bus tu - is na - ti sunt ti -  
fi - li - i, pro pa - tri - bus tu - is na - ti sunt ti - bi fi -  
ti sunt ti - bi fi - li - i, fi - li - i: con-sti - tu -  
is na - ti sunt ti - bi fi - li - i, ti - bi fi -  
tri - bus tu - is na - ti sunt ti - bi fi - li - i:

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100

ci - pes, prin - ci - pes,  
sti - tu - es e - os prin - ci - pes  
con - sti - tu - es e - os prin - ci - pes  
pes, prin - ci - pes, su - per\_ o - pes  
su - per\_ o - pes

105

su - per\_ o - mnem ter - ram.  
su - per\_ o - mnem ter - ram, su -  
su - per\_ o - mnem ter - ram.  
su - mnem ter - ram, su - per\_ o -  
mnem ter - ram, su -

110

Me - mo-res e - runt no - mi - nis tu -  
per\_ o - mnem ter - ram.  
Me - mo-res e - runt no - mi - nis tu - i, Do -  
mnem ter - ram. Me - mo-res e - runt no - mi - nis tu - i, Do -  
per\_ o - mnem ter - ram.

<sup>†</sup> Bassus, m.112.1: the ♫ sign printed in the source serves no apparent harmonic or melodic purpose, and is therefore omitted

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i, Do - - mi - ne,  
Me - mo-res e - runt no - mi - nis tu - - i, Do -  
- - mi - ne, (h)  
nis tu - i, Do - mi - ne,  
me - mo-res  
Me - mo-res e - runt no - mi-nis tu - - i,

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me - mores e - runt no - mi-nis tu - i, Do - - mi - ne, no - mi - nis tu -  
mi - ne,  
me - mores e - runt no - minis tu -  
i me - mores e - runt no - mi-nis tu - i, Do - mi - ne,  
e - runt no - mi-nis tu - i, Do - - mi - ne, in  
Do - - mi - ne, me - mores e - runt no - mi - nis tu -

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- i, Do - - mi - ne, in o - mni ge - ne -  
i, Do - mi - ne, Do - - mi - ne, in o - mni ge - ne - ra -  
in o - mni ge - ne - ra - ti - o - ne, in o - - mni ge -  
o - mni ge - ne - ra - - - ti - o - ne, in o - - mni ge -  
- - - i, Do - - - mi - ne, in

† *Contratenor*, m.125.2: a semitone lower in the source (amended to match preceding imitative phrases)

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ra - - - ti - o - ne, \_\_\_\_\_ in o - - - mni ge - ne - ra - ti  
 - ti - o - - - ne, in o - mni ge - ne - - - ra - ti - o - ne  
 in o - mni ge - ne - ra - ti - o - - - ne, ge - ne - ra - ti - b  
 - ne - ra - ti - o - - ne, in o - mni ge - ne - ra - - - ti - o -  
 o - mni ge - ne - ra - - - ti - o - - - ne, in o - mni

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o - - - ne et ge - ne - ra - - - ti - o -  
 et ge - ne - ra - - - ti - o - - - nem,  
 o - - - ne, et ge - ne - ra - - - ti - o - - - nem,  
 - ne et ge - ne - - - ra - - - ti - o - nem, et ge -  
 ge - ne - ra - - - ti - o - - ne et ge - ne - ra - - -

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- nem, et ge - ne - ra - - - ti - o - nem, et ge - ne -  
 et ge - ne - ra - - - ti - o - - - nem, et  
 et ge - ne - ra - - - ti - o - - - nem,  
 ne - ra - - - ti - o - nem, et ge - ne - ra - - -  
 - ti - o - - - nem, et ge - ne - ra - - -

<sup>†</sup> Contratenor, m.133.3: a third higher in the source (presumed erroneous)

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ra - ti - o - nem.

ge - ne - ra - ti - o - nem, et ge - ne - ra - ti - o - nem.

et ge - ne - ra - ti - o - nem.

ti - o - nem, et ge - ne - ra - ti - o - nem.

nem, et ge - ne - ra - ra - ti - o - nem.

Audi, filia, et vide,  
et inclína aurem tuam:  
et oblivia scére pópulum tuum  
et domum patris tui.  
Et concupíscet rex decórem tuum:  
quóniam ipse est Dóminus Deus tuus,  
et adorábunt eum.  
  
Pro pátribus tuis nati sunt tibi filii:  
constítues eos príncipes  
super omnem terram.  
Mémores erunt nóminis tui, Dómine,  
in omni generatióne et generatióne.

*Hearken, O daughter, and consider,  
and incline thine ear:  
forget also thine own people  
and thy father's house.  
So shall the king greatly desire thy beauty:  
for he is the Lord thy God,  
and him they shall adore.*  
  
*In place of thy fathers, sons are born to thee:  
thou shalt make them princes  
over all the earth.  
They shall be mindful of thy name, O Lord,  
throughout all generations.*

(Responsory for the Feast of the Annunciation, or for the Common of Virgins) Ps. 44:11–12, 17–18 (Vulgate)

Pierre de Manchicourt, a contemporary of Nicolas Gombert and Jacobus Clemens non Papa, was active in both Burgundy and Spain during the reigns of Charles V and Phillip II, culminating in his appointment by the latter as *maestro de capilla flamenca* in Madrid in 1559. The fact that Attaingnant, publisher of the French Royal Court, devoted his fourteenth and final volume of motets in 1539 entirely to Manchicourt's work (an honour he bestowed on no other, and emulated by Flemish publishers Susato and Phalèse in 1545 and 1554 respectively) bears testament to the composer's reputation in his day. Manchicourt's highly polyphonic style of composition lost favour around the time of his death, as the liturgical reforms of the Council of Trent took hold — marking the transition from the High Renaissance to the less florid Late-Renaissance style of Victoria and Palestrina.

#### Editorial Notes:

This motet survives in published collections of motets by Susato (1553) and Phalèse (1554), the latter of which was consulted for this edition. Structurally, it follows an 'ABCB' pattern used regularly by Manchicourt in his settings of liturgical responsories; however, in this instance, while the music of the 'B' section is repeated, the text is not.

This edition is set at original pitch. Editorial accidentals are indicated above the note. Original note values are retained: thus, consistent with 16th-century convention, the  $\text{F}^{\#}$  mensuration sign and its modern-equivalent  $\text{C}\flat$  time signature signify a semibreve tactus. Bar lines are added only to aid reading and direction: 'strong' and 'weak' beats implied by their position should never take precedence over phrasing or word stress. Ligatures in the source are acknowledged with overarching square brackets. Word underlay reflects editorial judgment and is freely adjusted: editorial re-iteration of text not explicit in the source is indicated in *italic*.