

Omni die dic Mariae

Organ Reduction

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c. 1667 - 1734

Edited by W. Chimiak

Sopranot/Alto

Tenor/Bass

Organ

$\text{♩} = 120$

Om - ni di - e dic Ma - ri - ae Me - a
I - psam co - le, ut de - mo - le Cri - mi -

S./A.

T./B.

Org.

6

lau - des a - ni - ma. E - jus fe - sta
num te li - be - ret. Hanc ap - pel - la

11

S./A.

e - jus ge - sta co - le-de vo - tis - si - ma.
ne pro - cel - la vi - ti-o - rum su - pe - ret.

T./B.

Org.

16 *Moderato*

S./A.

Con - tem - pla - re, et mi - ra - re E - jus cel - si - tu - nem:
Haec per - so - na no - bis do - na Con - tu - lit coe - le - a,

T./B.

Org.

Moderato

20

S./A.

Dic fel - li - cem Gen - i - tri - cem, Dic be - a - tam Vir - ginem,
Haec Re - gi - na nos di - vi - na Il - lus - tra - vit gra - ti - a,

T./B.

Org.

24

S./A.

dic be - a - tam. Vir - ge - nem.
il - lus - stra - vit_ gra - ti - a.

T./B.

Org.

29

S./A.

T./B.

Org.

A musical score for three voices: Soprano/Alto (S./A.), Tenor/Bass (T./B.), and Organ (Org.). The score consists of two measures. In the first measure, S./A. and Org. are silent, while T./B. plays a eighth-note followed by a sixteenth-note. In the second measure, S./A. and Org. remain silent, while T./B. plays a eighth-note followed by a sixteenth-note, then a quarter note, another eighth-note followed by a sixteenth-note, and finally a eighth-note followed by a sixteenth-note.